

FAIR for Fair Sharing of Immunological Data

March 29, 2024





Agenda



Presentation: FAIR for Fair Sharing of Immunological Data (40 min)

ImmPort Overview

FAIR Principles & ImmPort Data

Benefits & Outcomes of FAIR Data Sharing

• Q & A (15 min)

ImmPort Team



UCSF

Atul Butte, PI Sanchita Bhattacharya Reuben Sarwal

Immune System Sciences

Steven H. Kleinstein

NIAID

Anupama Gururaj Quan Chen Dawei Lin

ICF

Srinivas Chepuri Karen Ketchum Matthew Strub Olivier Toujas-Bernate Alicia Williamson

Funding Support

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID) National Institutes of Health (NIH) Health and Human Services (HHS) Contract #: HHSN316201200036W

Peraton

Morgan Crafts Emma Afferton Sanjiv Desai John Campbell Zhiping Gu Kate Hypes Jaya Kannan Ruth Monteiro Elizabeth Thomson **Zullinel Trilla-Flores** Vilma Thomas

Sammi Smith

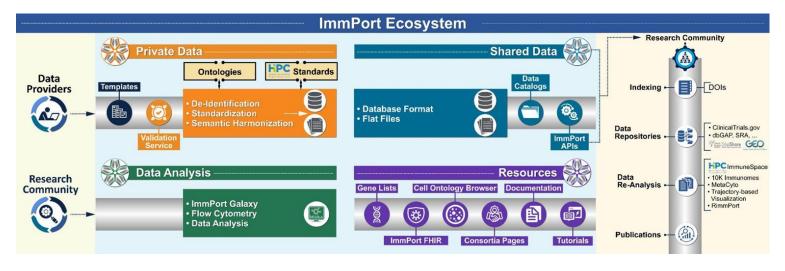
Bryan Walters

Shujia Zhou



What is ImmPort? (immport.org) Immunology Database and Analysis Portal





- NIAID-funded resource for sharing immunology research and clinical trials data developed by the Division of Allergy, Immunology, and Transplantation (DAIT)
- Facilitates inter- and intra-study analysis via a data model that captures a robust set of descriptive elements with standardized terms across publicly-shared studies
- Focuses on studies of autoimmunity, infection and vaccine response, transplantation, and allergy



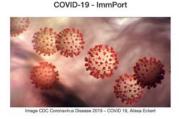
ImmPort Shares Data from Major NIAID-funded Programs and External Organizations





Human Immunology Project Consortium





Coronavirus Disease 19





n Children (CTOT-C)









Powered by # ImmPort

Immunophenotyping Assessment in a COVID-19 Cohort (IMPACC) Serological Sciences Network (SeroNet)

Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C) Impact of Initial Influenza Exposure on Immunity in Infants (U01)

Atopic Dermatitis Research Network (ADRN)

Population Genetics Analysis Program

Protective Immunity for Special Populations

HLA Region Genomics in Immune-mediated Diseases

Modeling Immunity for Biodefense

Reagent Development for Innate Immune Receptors

Adjuvant Development Program

Immunity in Neonates and Infants

Asthma and Allergic Diseases Cooperative Research Centers

HLA and KIR Region Genomics in Immune-Mediated Diseases Cooperative Study Group for Autoimmune Disease Prevention

Immunobiology of Xenotransplantation

Centers for Medical Countermeasures against Radiation Consortium Inner City Asthma Consortium

Systems Approach to Immunity and Inflammation

Innate Immune Receptors and Adjuvant Discovery Program

Maintenance of Macague Specific Pathogen-Free Breeding Colonies

Non-human Primate Transplantation Tolerance Cooperative Study Group Consortium for Food Allergy Research

Development of Sample Sparing Assays for Monitoring Immune Responses (U24) Asthma and Allergic Diseases Clinical Research Consortium (AADCRC)

The Clinical Islet Transplantation (CIT) Consortium

Autoimmunity Centers of Excellence (ACE)

Clinical Trials in Organ Transplantation (CTOC)

Human Immunology Project Consortium (HIPC)

Collaborative Influenza Vaccine Innovation Centers (CIVICS)

Centers for Research in Emerging and Infectious Diseases (CREID)

Cooperative Centers on Human Immunology

Impact of Initial Influenza Exposure on Immunity in Infants (U01)

A Multidisciplinary Approach to Study Vaccine-elicited Immunity and Efficacy Against Malaria (MVIE)

20 Years of **FAIR Data** Sharing



Trustworthy Repository













Nature Scientific Data's Recommended Data Repository Cytometry & Immunology

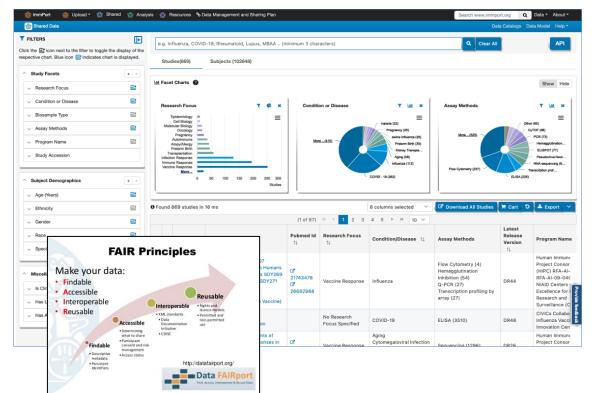






ImmPort Shared Data Browser





 ImmPort currently shares over 900 studies encompassing a range of research areas, species & assay types.





https://immport.org/shared/search



FAIR Principles





Findable

The first step in (re)using data is to find them. Metadata and data should be easy to find for both humans and computers. Machine-readable metadata are essential for automatic discovery of datasets and services, so this is an essential component of the FAIRification process.

- F1. (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier.
- F2. Data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below).
- F3. Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data they describe.
- F4. (Meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource.

Accessible

Once the user finds the required data, she/he/they need to know how they can be accessed, possibly including authentication and authorisation.

- A1. (Meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardised communications protocol.
 - A1.1 The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable.
 - A1.2 The protocol allows for an authentication and authorisation procedure, where necessary.
- A2. Metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available.

Interoperable

The data usually need to be integrated with other data. In addition, the data need to interoperate with applications or workflows for analysis, storage, and processing.

- I1. (Meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.
- 12. (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles.
- 13. (Meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data.

Reusable

The ultimate goal of FAIR is to optimise the reuse of data. To achieve this, metadata and data should be well-described so that they can be replicated and/or combined in different settings.

- R1. (Meta)data are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes.
 - R1.1. (Meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license.
 - R1.2. (Meta)data are associated with detailed provenance.
 - R1.3. (Meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards.

The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship | Scientific Data (nature.com)



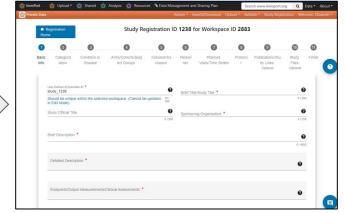
Data Submission Process Promotes FAIR Data



Major Steps in Data Submission for Data Submitters:



The Study
Registration
Wizard (SRW)
kick-starts the
data upload
process and
captures initial
metadata
associated
with the study



Data Submission
Templates
capture
assoicated data
and metadate
based on study
design

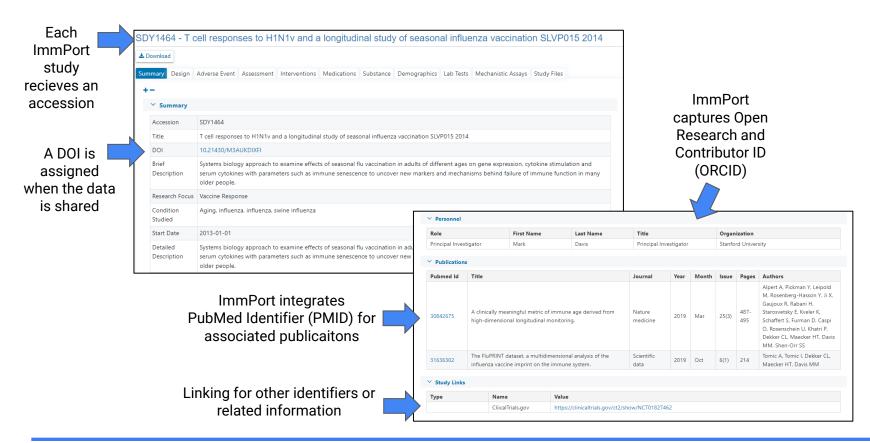
vpical ImmPort Submission Template Upload Order Have you or are you planning to basic_study_design.txt protocols.txt Human Study or Animal Study? subjectHumans.txt

Submission templates incorporate controlled vocabulary terms from clinical and research ontologies.



Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs) and Other Persistent Identifiers (PIDs)



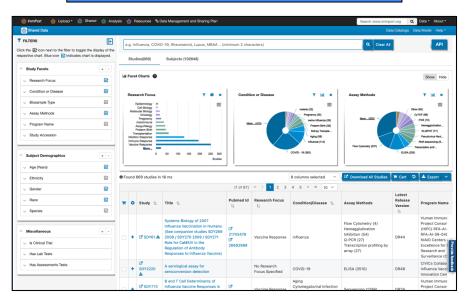


Findable



Adherence to FAIR principles increases the visibility of your data!

ImmPort Search - Cohort Discovery Tool (CDT)



Additional Repositories and Search Engines







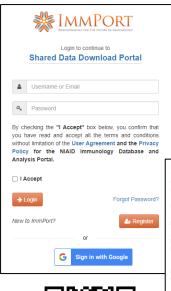


https://immport.org/shared/search



Accessible



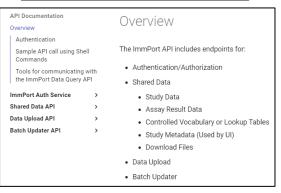


ImmPort Registration & Login

- ImmPort study metadata (CDT Search) is browsable without login
- Registration and acceptance of Data Use Agreement is required to upload or download data
- Registration is free, simple, and immediate

ImmPort Registration	on		
Username*: [rules]			
Name*:	First Name	Middle Initial (Optional)	Last Name
Email*:		Organization*:	
Password*: [rules]	☐ Show password	Confirm Password*:	
Password Retrieval Question*:	Select a Password retrieval question	Password Retrieval Answer":	
Phone Number: [XXX-XXX-XXXX]		International Phone Number:	
How may ImmPort assist your research efforts?*:	Select Registration Reason ▼	How did you learn of ImmPort?":	Select a Referring Source
You will be able to access:	Shared Research Data Analysis Tools		
	Register Reset		

ImmPort Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)



https://docs.immport.org/apidocumentation/

 ImmPort offers several APIs with detailed documentaiton for use

https://www.immport.org/auth/login





Interoperable

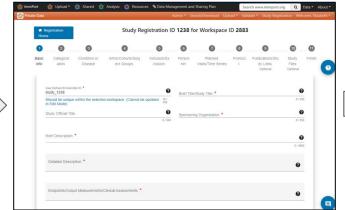
Data Submission Process Promotes FAIR Data



Major Steps in Data Submission for Data Submitters:



The Study
Registration
Wizard (SRW)
kick-starts the
data upload
process and
captures initial
metadata
associated
with the study

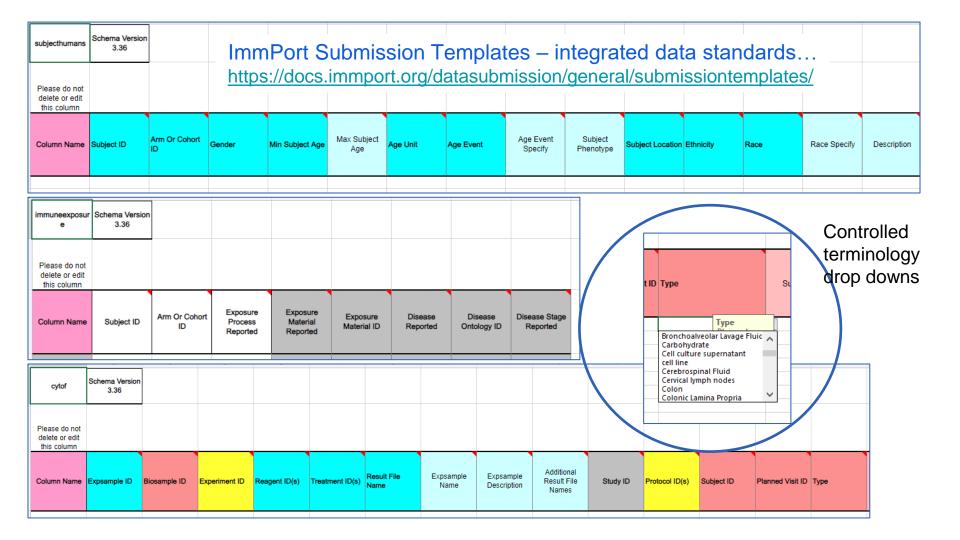


Data Submission
Templates
capture
assoicated data
and metadate
based on study
design

vpical ImmPort Submission Template Upload Order Have you or are you planning to basic_study_design.txt protocols.txt Human Study or Animal Study? subjectHumans.txt

Submission templates incorporate controlled vocabulary terms from clinical and research ontologies.









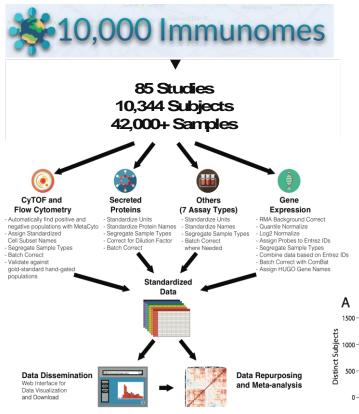
Brenda Tissue Ontology	National Cancer Institute Thesaurus		
Chemical Entities of Biological Interest Ontology	Ontology for Biomedical Investigations		
Clinical Methods Ontology	Ontology for General Medical Science		
Cell Ontology	Ontology for MIRNA Target		
Cell Line Ontology	The Ontology for Immune Epitomes		
Clinical Measurement Ontology	Phenotype And Trait Ontology		
Disease Ontology	Protein Ontology		
Foundational Model Ontology	RxNorm		
Gazetteer	SNOMED CT		
Gene Ontology	The Statistical Methods Ontology		
Human Gene Dataset (including HUGO)	Symptom Ontology		
Human Metabolome Database	Uberon Multi-species anatomy Ontology		
Human Phenotype Ontology	Uniprot		
Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities Terminology	Units of Measurement Ontology		
Mouse Gene Dataset	Vaccine Ontology		
NCBI Taxonomy			



Interoperability within ImmPort



Data available in the 10,000 Immunomes Project			
Total Samples Total Distinct Subjects	42117 10344		
MEASUREMENT	SUBJECTS		
Secreted Proteins	4835		
ELISA	4035		
Multiplex ELISA	1286		
Virus Titer	3609		
Virus Neutralization Titer	2265		
HAI Titer	1344		
Clinical Lab Tests	2639		
Complete Blood Count	1684		
Comprehensive Metabolic Panel	664		
Fasting Lipid Profile	664		
<u>Ouestionnaire</u>	1422		
Cytometry	1415		
Flow Cytometry (PBMC)	907		
CyTOF (PBMC)	583		
Flow Cytometry (Whole Blood)	164		
HLA Type	1093		
Gene Expression Array	476		
Whole Blood	311		
PBMC	165		







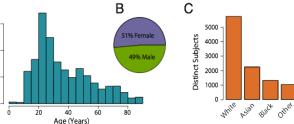
Volume 25, Issue 2, 9 October 2018, Pages 513-522.e3

Resource

The 10,000 Immunomes Project: Building a Resource for Human Immunology

Kelly A. Zalocusky ^{1, 2}, Matthew J. Kan ^{1, 2}, Zicheng Hu ^{1, 2}, Patrick Dunn ³, Elizabeth Thomson ³, Jeffrey Wiser ³, Sanchita Bhattacharya ^{1, 2, 4}, Atul J. Butte ^{1, 2, 4, 5} 옷 평

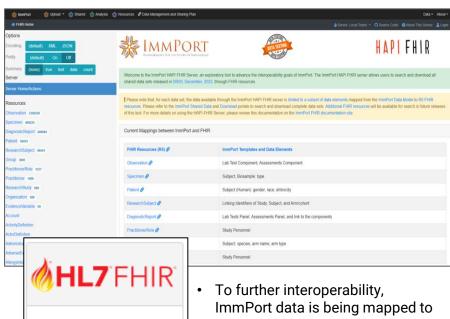
- Large, diverse, cleaned reference dataset derived from ImmPort studies
- Interactive data visualization
- Custom control cohorts and standardized data download





Interoperability with Other Resources



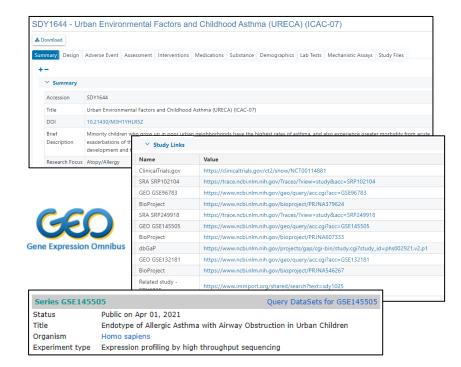


Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR) format

Users can explore ImmPort data in FHIR format using the ImmPort HAPI FHIR server

https://fhir.immport.org/

ImmPort FHIR



 ImmPort subject and sample metadata can be mapped to GEO subject metadata, creating a larger dataset for studies that have data in both repositories



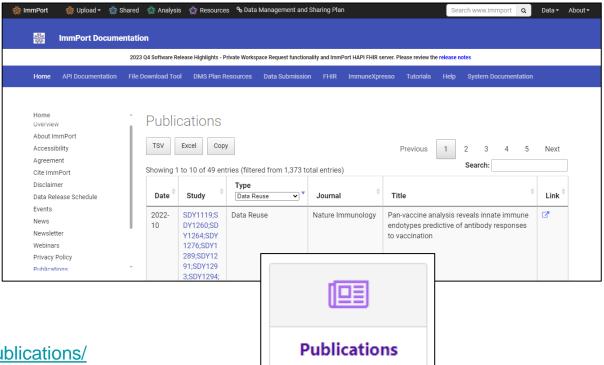


Reuseable

ImmPort-related Publications







https://docs.immport.org/home/publications/



ImmPort Data Reuse



Article | Published: 12 July 2021

Systems vaccinology of the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine in humans

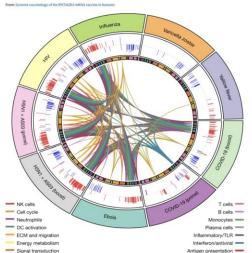
Prabhu S. Arunachalam, Madeleine K. D. Scott, [...]Bali Pulendran ⊠

Nature 596, 410-416 (2021) | Cite this article

61k Accesses | 1109 Altmetric | Metrics

PMID: 34252919 PMCID: PMC8761119 DOI: 10.1038/s41586-021-03791-x

Fig. 5: Comparison of transcriptional responses with other vaccines.



Online attention



Extended Data Table 3 Vaccine meta-analysis datasets

From: Systems vaccinology of the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine in humans

Vaccine	Pathogen	Vaccine Type	Adjuvant/ Vector	Timepoints used	N	GEO/ ImmPort
BNT162b2	SARS-CoV-2	mRNA	mRNA-	0,1,7,	31	GSE169159
			LNP	21,22,28		
TIV	Seasonal	Inactivated	None	0,1,7	19	GSE74813/
	Influenza					SDY56
VZV	Varicella zoster	Live attenuated	VZV	0,1,7	31	GSE79396/
						SDY984
YF17D	Yellow fever	Live	YF17D	0,1,7	25	GSE13486/
		attenuated				SDY1264
rVSV-ZEBOV	Ebola	Recombinant	VSV	0,1,7	7	GSE97590/
(high dose)		viral vector				SDY1373
MRKAd5/HIV	HIV	Recombinant viral vector	Ad5	0,1,7	10	GSE22768/
						SDY1291
H5N1+AS03	H5N1	Inactivated	AS03	0,1,7,	33	GSE102012
	Influenza			21,22,28		
MPSV4	Meningococcus	Polysaccharide	None	0,7	13	GSE52245/
						SDY1260
MCV4	Meningococcus	Conjugate	None	0,7	17	GSE52245/
						SDY1260

ImmPort Data Reuse



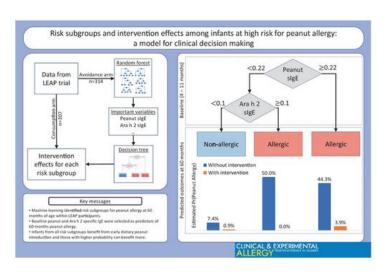
> Clin Exp Allergy. 2024 Mar;54(3):185-194. doi: 10.1111/cea.14452. Epub 2024 Jan 19.

Risk subgroups and intervention effects among infants at high risk for peanut allergy: A model for clinical decision making

Yuxiang Li 1 2, Ashley Devonshire 3 4, Bin Huang 1 3, Sandra Andorf 1 3 4 5

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 38243616 PMCID: PMC10932885 (available on 2025-03-01) DOI: 10.1111/cea.14452



Background

The Learning Early About Peanut Allergy (LEAP) trial showed that early dietary introduction of peanut reduced the risk of developing peanut allergy by age 60 months in infants at high risk for peanut allergy. In this secondary analysis of LEAP data, we aimed to determine risk subgroups within these infants and estimate their respective intervention effects of early peanut introduction.

Key messages

- Machine learning identified risk subgroups for peanut allergy at 60 months within LEAP participants.
- Baseline peanut and Ara h 2-specific-IgE were selected as predictors of 60months peanut allergy.
- · Infants with higher predicted probability of peanut allergy benefit more from the early introduction intervention.

The individual participant-level data of LEAP are made available through ImmPort (SDY660) and ITN TrialShare (ITN032AD, www.itntrialshare.org) from where the data were retrieved.²³⁻²⁵ More details about the study population and data preprocessing can be found in the Supplemental methods and Table S1.



ImmuneSpace



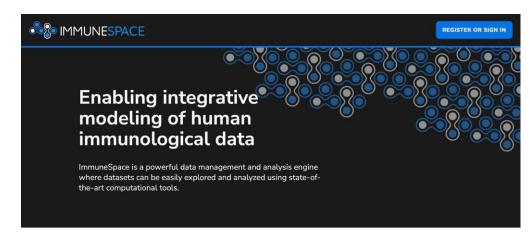
Human Immunology Project Consortium (HIPC)

HIPC's ImmuneSpace extends ImmPort, providing access to additional data (e.g., standardized gene expression matrices) and web-based R tools for data accession, analysis, and reporting.

Studies in the Immune Signatures Data Resource are archived through the Shared Data Portal on ImmPort and ImmuneSpace repositories and may be updated over time.



https://immunespace.org







analysis studies.



DATA FINDER ->

ANALYTE EXPLORER ->

Visualize analyte expression patterns over time for various disease states, aggregated by cohort.

REPRODUCIBLE ANALYSES

Browse R generated reports for reanalyzed studies and virtual meta-

Find participant-level data from all studies. Download or explore this data using our broad range of visualization and computational tools.

MMUNESPACE

ImmuneSpace is powered by LabKey Software, supported by HIPC and NIAID

ollow us 💟

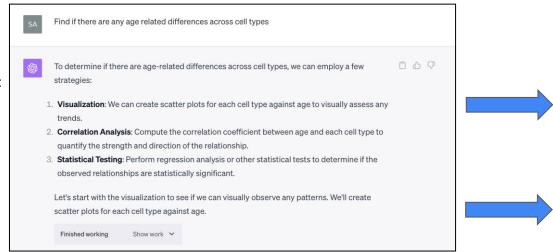
contact us



Example of Al-ready ImmPort Data: Re-analyis of 10K **Immunomes CyTOF Data Using GPT4**

ChatGPT Prompt:

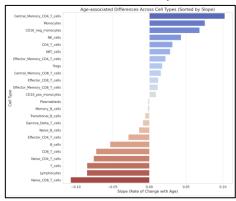
ChatGPT Response:

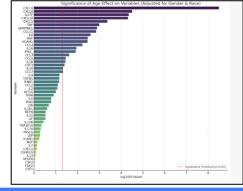


Al can analyze large scale cytometry datasets with ease, even adjusting for confounding variables

- Age-associated differences in cell types
- Age- and gender-associated effects on cytokines

Additional ChatGPT Response:











Additional Considerations

ImmPort Data Management and Sharing Plan Resource



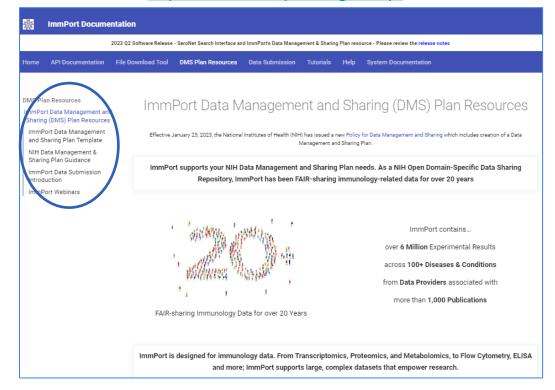
NIH data sharing policy:

https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/no tice-files/NOT-OD-21-013.html Effective January 25th, 2023.

Primary takeaways:

- ImmPort Data Management and Sharing Plan (DMSP) page provides helpful resources for researchers drafting DMSPs
- Selecting a repository that follows FAIR data principles supports Data Management and Sharing Planning

https://docs.immport.org/dmsp/





ImmPort Documentation

https://docs.immport.org/

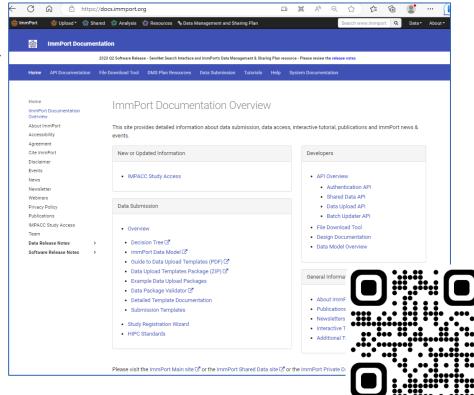
ImmPort documentation available in one place – ImmPort Resources



Find helpful information about

- New Features
- Data Submission
- Using the API
- ImmPort Tutorials
- How to Cite ImmPort Datasets
- Newsletter Signup
- Past Webinars & Upcoming Events





Need guidance or more information: lmmPort_Helpdesk@immport.org

